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Gypsum Use in Agriculture: Impact on the Environment

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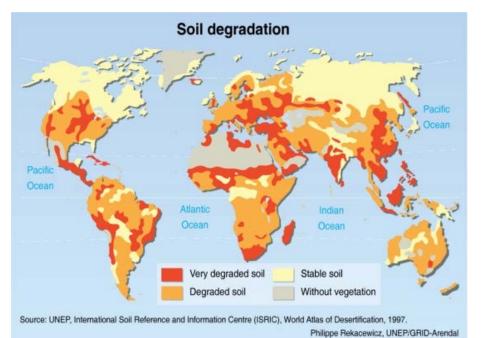
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Global Environmental Stresses: Soil Degradation



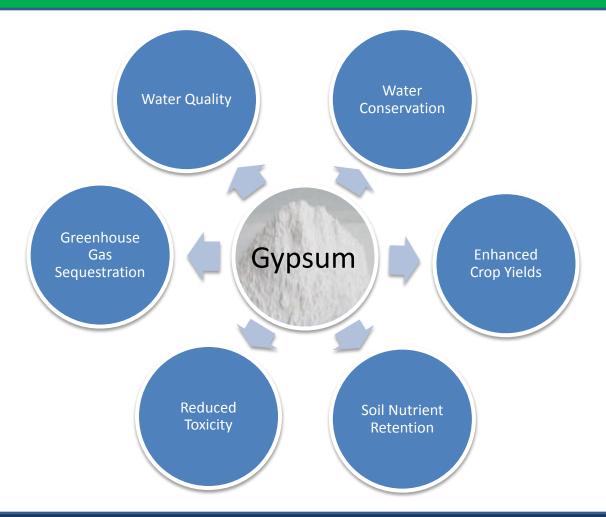
- Depleted soils threaten economies and human health
- Water and food security issues
- 23% of global disease attributable to environment
- 13 million annual deaths from environmental causes can be prevented (WHO)







Environmental Benefits of Gypsum









Surface Sealing inhibits penetration of water and oxygen into soils







- Rainwater: Naturally distilled and low in electrolytes
- Physical and chemical processes occur at raindrop impact
- These processes lead to surface sealing







Many Soils Are Degraded





Degraded Soil







Effect of Degradation by Erosion on Crop Productivity









Soil Nutrient Retention: Seedling Emergence Improves With Gypsum

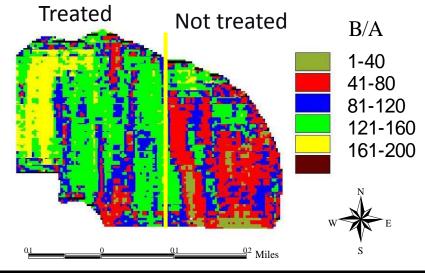








Soil Nutrient Retention: Agricultural Yields Increased with Gypsum Treatment



Corn Yields, 1T/A Gypsum (1997)



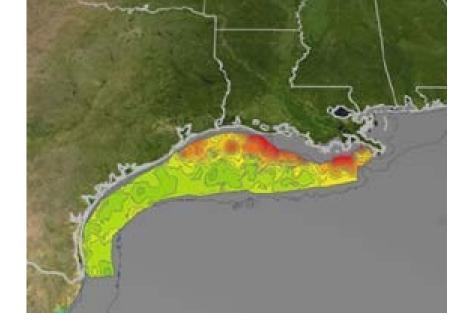






Nutrient Loading Contributes to Hypoxic And Anoxic Zones





Hypoxic zones in the Great Lakes

Dead zone: Gulf of Mexico (Approximately the size of New Jersey)







Sediment Loading from Maumee River Basin to Western Lake Erie

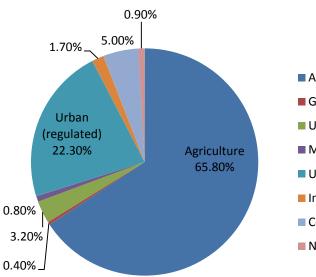




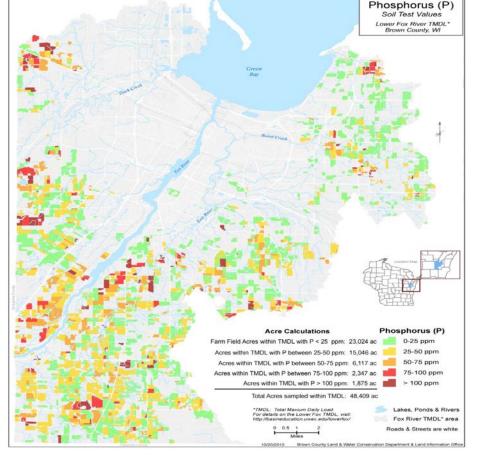




Sediment Loading from Lower Fox River Watershed into Green Bay



Agriculture
General Permits
Urban (nonregulated)
Municipal WWTFs
Urban (regulated MS4)
Industrial WWTFs
Construction
Natural Background



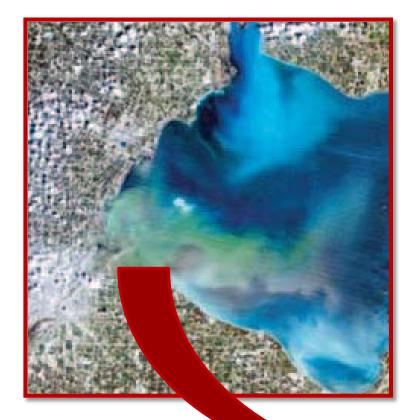
Sources of baseline TSS loading in the LFR Basin. *The Cadmus Group*







Nutrient Runoff Causes Algae Blooms











Don't Be Depressed We Can Do Something About Erosion And Runoff









Gypsum Reduces Detachment of Sediment and Loss to Runoff

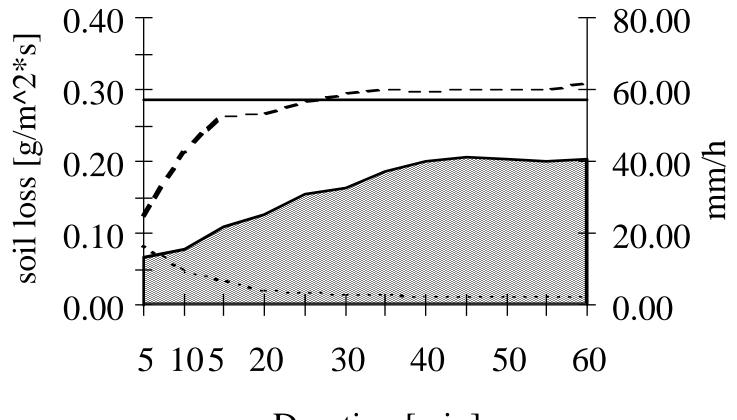








Runoff Pace without treatment



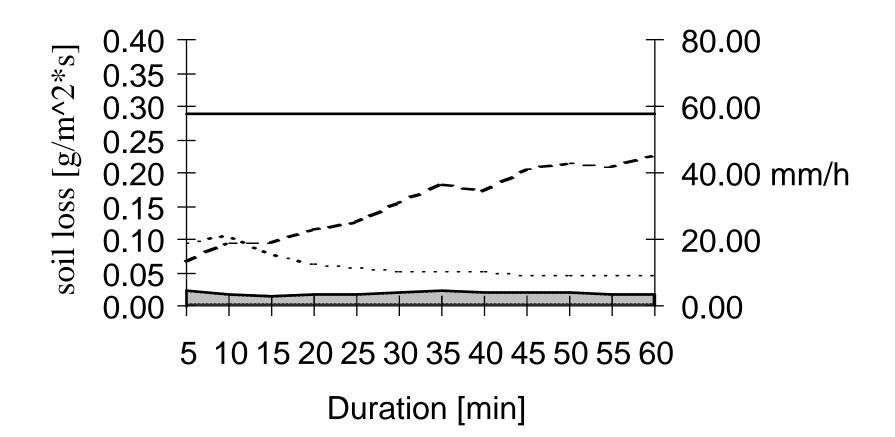
Duration [min]







Runoff Pace with treatment (PAM+FBCBA)

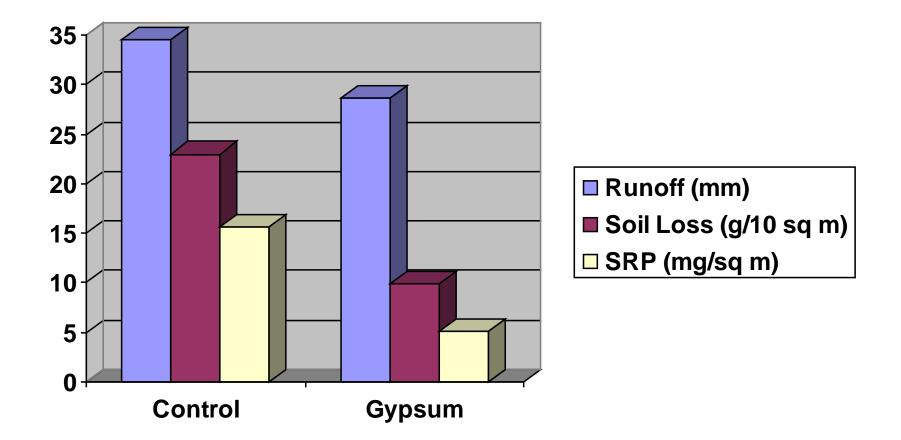








Effect of Gypsum on Runoff and Soil Loss

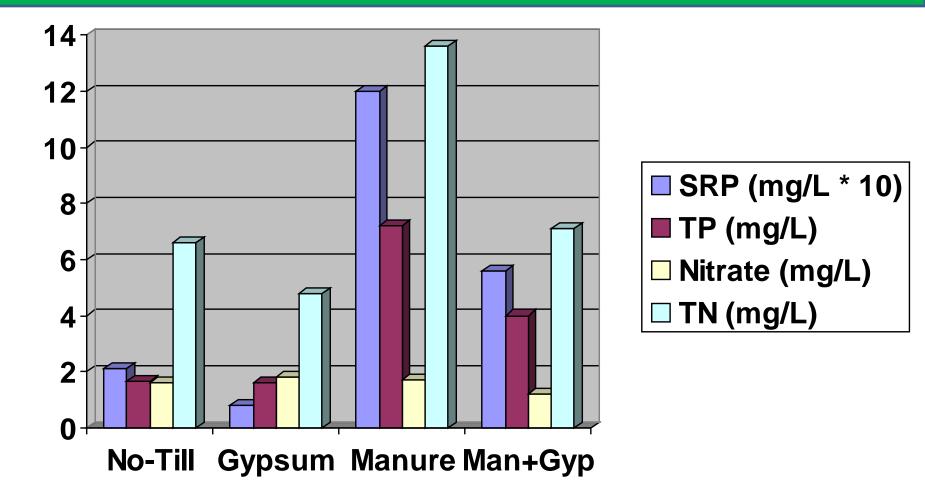








Gypsum Effect On N And P In Manure Rich Soils

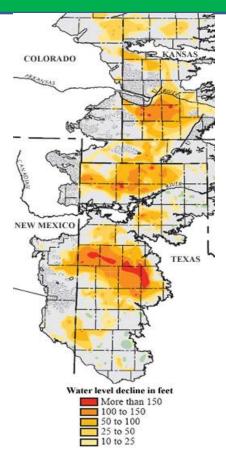






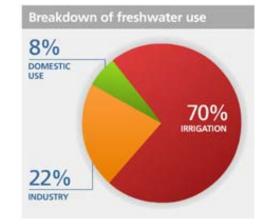


Water Quantity Depletion



Water Level Decline in The Ogallala Aquifer

"Water is the oil of the 21st century" –Andrew Liveris, CEO Dow Chemical



- Water use of agriculture
 - \circ ~ 70% of water use is for agriculture
- Water levels are fallings worldwide
 - o Ogallala Aquifer water levels drop 150 feet
 - Waukesha Aquifer is 600 feet below original level







Severe Cracking Wastes Water Gypsum Reduces Cracking









Water Stress Reduced with Gypsum and PAM









Improved Infiltration/Drainage By Amending Soil with Gypsum





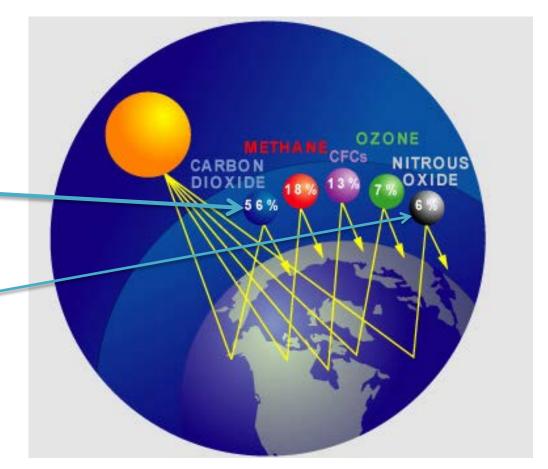






Degraded Soils Increase Greenhouse Gases

- Greenhouse gases contribute to climate change
- Nitrogen-based fertilizers are energy intensive
- Damaged soils process less nitrous oxide -(NO2 traps 310 times more heat than CO2)



Marian Koshland Science Museum of the Natural Academy of Sciences







Improved Nitrogen Efficiency









Increased Root Mass





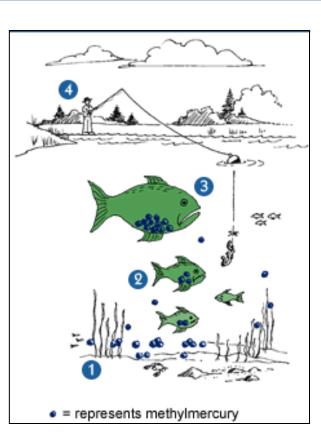


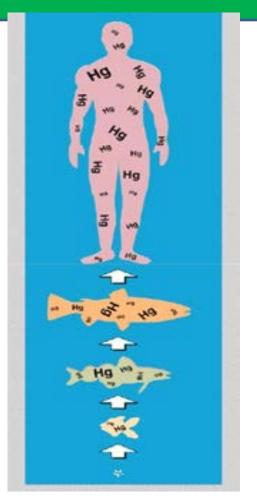


Natural Toxins and Pathogens Are Present in Soil

Natural toxins and pathogens occur in geology and soils
Mercury
Arsenic

•Bioaccumulation threatens humans











Gypsum Treatment Reduces the Impact of Toxins and Pathogens

Toxins are less bio-available to plants with gypsum

Pathogens are neutralized by gypsumenhanced natural plant processes Healthier food, animals and people







RCRA Total Elements in Materials Added (USEPA 3051)

Material	As	Ba	Cd	Cr	Hg	Pb	Se
	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
FGD #1	<1.3	22.2	0.39	7.2	0.1635	<0.77	3.5
FGD #3	1.4	20.4	0.55	6.8	0.2320	<0.77	<2.3
Mined Gypsum	<1.3	46.6	0.11	2.2	0.0001	<0.77	<2.3
Soil	9.4	170.8	1.47	30.3	0.0261	16.06	3.5







Gypsum Does Not Increase Mercury Levels in Shallow Groundwater

Date	Rate (lbs)	Product	ppt	
			Hg	
7/18/2008	2000	FGD	17.09	
7/23/2008	2000	FGD	19.54	
7/18/2008	0	None	28.37	
7/23/2008	0	None	67.98	
7/18/2008	2000	Mined	65.32	
7/23/2008	2000	Mined	18.96	







Mercury Uptake in Corn Shoots After Six Weeks with and without a Perched Water Table

Drainage	Treatment	Hg ppb	
Freely Drained	Control	4.57	a
	FGD Gypsum	3.75	a
	Glyphosate	6.43	a
	FGD Gyp.+Glyph.	4.13	a
Perched water table (- 5cm)	Control	55.92	b
	FGD Gypsum	61.88	b
	Glyphosate	61.98	b
	FGD Gyp.+Glyph.	64.54	b







Ecosystem Markets can provide Monetary Incentives for Farmers

- Markets support improved agricultural land management
 - Water quality (nutrient trading e.g. Chesapeake's Bay Bank)
 - Watershed conservation
 Williamette Partnership Ecosystem Credit A/C Systems
 - Climate change mitigation (carbon offsets)
 - Food safety and nutrition



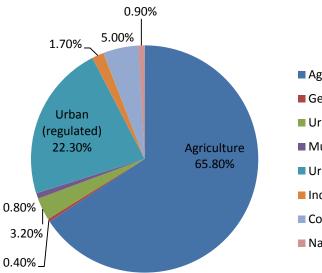
Some landowners in Oregon are paid to enhance salmon habitat



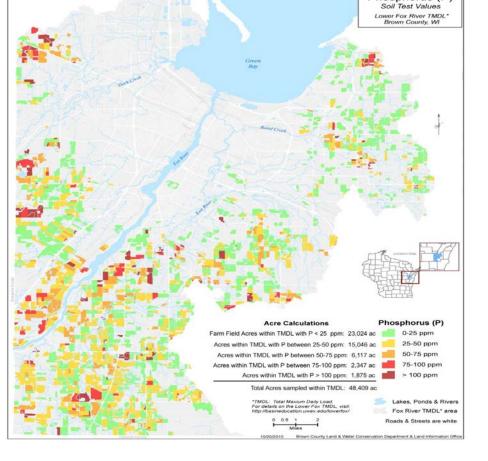




Can a Nutrient Trading Scheme help reduce Sediment Loading from Lower Fox into Green Bay ?



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Sources of baseline TSS loading in the LFR Basin. *The Cadmus Group*







Phosphorus (P)

Conclusion

Gypsum's Environment Contributions are many

Greater agricultural yields and healthier soils	Healthier food	Reduced greenhouse gas emissions	Use of less water and fertilizers	Cleaner water
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The Presenters Thank You for Listening Questions?







